Honeyguide

WILDLIFE HOLIDAYS

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Extremadura 8 – 15 March 2008

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Holiday participants

Brenda Motley

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<u>Leader</u> Martin Kelsey

Extremadura

Report by Martin Kelsey...

Illustrations by Rob Hume, photos by Chris Durdin.

Below: almond orchard at Finca Santa Marta www.fincasantamarta.com

Front cover: Trujillo with white storks.



As with all Honeyguide holidays, £30 of the price of the holiday was put towards a conservation project, in this case for La Sociedad Española de Ornitología (SEO), the Spanish Ornithological Society, and its work in Extremadura. The conservation contribution this year of £30 per person was supplemented by gift aid through the Honeyguide Wildlife Charitable Trust, leading to a total of £265. During the holiday Marcelino Cardalliaguet of SEO came to Finca Santa Marta to collect a cheque from this year's holiday in Extremadura.

This year's donation brings the total given to SEO since the first Honeyguide holiday in Spain in 1991 to £10,426. The total for conservation contributions from all Honeyguide holidays was at £49,098 at the end of March 2008.

Extremadura 8 – 15 March 2008

<u>Itinerary</u>

Saturday 8th March: Arrival in Madrid and travel to Trujillo via A5 motorway, with a stop before Ventas de Retamosa for snacks. Arrived at Finca Santa Marta late afternoon. Tea followed by a walk through the property to the clump of stone pines above the Finca.

Sunday 9th March: Morning visit to Belén Plains with lunch, afternoon stop at Aldeacentenera. Return to Finca Santa Marta across country to Madroñera with stop on heath on hill above the village. Dinner in La Troya, Trujillo.

Monday 10th March: Exploring plains around Santa Marta de Magasca, coffee at the village of Santa Marta de Magasca, with lunch on Tamuja River south of the village.

Tuesday 11th March: From Trujillo to Torrejón El Rubío, then to Monfragüe National Park. Stop at Castle and then at car park opposite the crags of Peña Falcón. Lunch at Mirador de Tajadilla, then to the Portilla del Tietár.

Wednesday 12th March: Free morning in Trujillo, then east towards Villuercas mountains, with lunch on Almonte river near village of Cabañas del Castillo. Visit to village after lunch, with walk along base of cliffs.

Thursday 13th March: South to Zorita with a visit to part of the Zorita Plains and then towards Madrigalejo. Stop at Sierra Brava reservoir and coffee stop just outside Madrigalejo and then exploring area of Casas del Hito, including visit to Charca del Hito (a large pool), where lunch taken. Then visit to Vegas Altas. Drive to rice fields near Palazuelo with a walk beside Rio Ruercas

Friday 14th March: Visit to Arrocampo reservoir, between Almaraz and Saucedilla (with coffee stop at latter village). Visit to Valdecañas. Afternoon walk at Finca Santa Marta.

Saturday 15th March: Early morning departure to Madrid to check-in at airport shortly after 10.15 am for flight back to UK.

Daily Diary

8 March: Madrid to Finca Santa Marta

The party met up at Madrid, with Geoff and Anne having arrived by train earlier in the morning, most of the group coming in on the Easyjet flight from Gatwick, landing just a few minutes late. We set off just after 13.00 hrs. It was a lovely sunny day as we made our way around the M40 ring road, exiting on the A5 motorway for Extremadura. The Gredos mountains formed a spectacular backdrop to the north, with snow on their peaks, but very little on their southern slopes compared to other springs. We stopped for lunch snacks about 50 kms out of Madrid. The lively bar was packed and the atmosphere happy. Following lunch, several of the party took the opportunity to purchase maps from the adjacent filling station.

As we continued along the motorway, we started to see White Storks, as well as Black Kite, Red Kite and Black-winged Stilt, while those at the front of the minibus also saw a pair of Great Spotted Cuckoos cross the motorway. As we crossed the border into Extremadura, we also saw distant wheeling groups of Griffon Vultures. We headed off the motorway onto the road that heads south-east from Trujillo and passed through landscape dominated by huge blocks of granite.

We arrived at Finca Santa Marta at 17.30 hrs. Henri, our host welcomed us and introduced us to some of the staff, who helped to get the group settled into their rooms. After tea, we took a late afternoon walk up through the Finca, through the almond orchards and olive groves to the stand of stone pines. Good numbers of Blackcaps were heard and seen, as well as Song

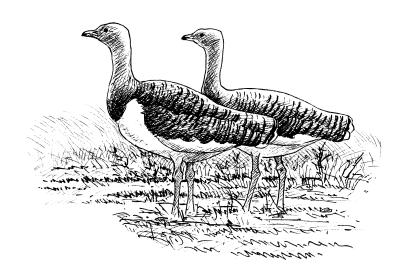
Thrushes, while a few Redwings passed over as dusk approached. We found Sage-leaved Cistus just starting to flower as well as a single Conical Orchid. On our return to the finca, Henri welcomed us with cocktails followed by dinner.

9 March: Belén Plains and Madroñera

A fine clear and calm start to the day, but it quickly clouded over and although there were sunny spells, the day overall was quite chilly with a fresh northerly wind. As we gathered for departure, a Hawfinch was seen flying over by some, while Serin and Barn Swallow were singing around us. We spent most of the day slowly exploring the open plains north-east of the small village of Belén. At our first stop just outside the village, we enjoyed a superb panorama of the habitat and saw Thekla Lark quite close-by. Shortly afterwards we stopped again in a gateway and saw our first Calandra Larks of the day, as well as wintering Meadow Pipit while Corn Buntings sang from roadside fences. Two Little Owls were found perched on pile of stones in the middle of a field. We then located a party of eight Great Bustards feeding a couple of

fields away, the sun catching their rich brown upperparts. A huge flock of Spanish Sparrows fed in the fields behind us, where a pair of Crested Larks was also present. Griffon, Black and Egyptian Vultures drifted past in the distance. At subsequent stops we watched more and more Calandra Larks starting to sing, circling at great height with their highly mimetic song, and then descending with their characteristic slow-motion heavy flapping.

We enjoyed a short walk along a sunny track. Although few plants were yet in bloom, we found good numbers of Sand Crocus and several Small Heath butterflies braved the breeze. However, the birds were superb. A group of over half a dozen Lesser



Kestrels hovered over the field beside us throughout the whole of our visit, affording us excellent views. A Short-toed Eagle passed overhead. At what appeared to be an avian carcass in the field (possibly Great Bustard) a medley of scavengers was present: Black Vulture dominating, Griffon Vulture, Red Kite, Black Kite and Raven. A tight flock of about 50 Little Bustards gave us a prolonged view, as they appeared sometimes glimmering white, sometimes dark, as the combination of factors (the birds turning, intermittent sunshine, and different backgrounds of blue sky and cloud) all came into play. Shortly afterwards a large flock of over 20 Great Bustards flew past, with another small flock flying in the opposite direction. It gave us a perfect opportunity to compare the difference in flight between the two species.

We stopped for lunch to view a multi-layered White Storks colony on some dead trees. We continued along the road after lunch, stopping at a roadside pool to watch a pair of Little Ringed Plovers, Green Sandpiper, a seemingly injured Redshank and a Greenshank. Another Shorttoed Eagle flew over while shortly afterwards we saw a pair of Great Spotted Cuckoo in flight.

After a stop at Bar Martín in Aldeacentenera, where we admired the White Storks' nests on the church tower, we drove through the undulating dehesa to Madroñera, We reached a patch of broom and lavender heath. Hoop Petticoat Narcissus was in flower. However, the windy conditions hampered seeing small birds, although brief flight views of a pair of Dartford Warblers were had and some of us saw Sardinian warbler and Thekla Lark.

Back at Finca Santa Marta, we went through the checklists before heading for Trujillo for dinner at the La Troya. Situated on the fine medieval town square, the restaurant provided an excellent series of local dishes.

10 March: Santa Marta de Magasca

Although the day started quite fine, cloud quickly built up, backed by a fresh breeze, which became quite blustery during the afternoon, with prolonged light rain. Pre-breakfast walks had yielded Redwing and Cetti's Warbler, and some members of the group had a good view of a Hawfinch close to the finca while we waited for the team to assemble after breakfast.

Today we drove west of Trujillo, and took the minor road towards Santa Marta de Magasca. Stopping at the edge of the plains, we quickly found a wintering flock of about 60 Little Bustards, partially concealed by banks of dead thistles. Some males were already close to breeding plumage. In an adjacent field we found a party of Great Bustards, then another and then a third group, this time on the skyline. Males in this latter group started some lekking display, and despite the relative distance, the cool windy conditions meant that there was no heat haze to worry about, so the viewing was excellent. Closer at hand, we saw a pair of Great Spotted Cuckoos being mobbed by Magpies and had good views of Rock Sparrows alongside Spanish Sparrows on trackside fences. Several Southern Grey Shrikes also provided us with excellent views. Whist standing there, we saw a flock of Pin-tailed Sandgrouse land in a field further to the west. Luckily, the flock was in view from a point along the road and we watched them for a couple of minutes, before they took - the flock revealing itself to be about 70 strong. In a marvellous fashion they wheeled high and low, passing close by before settling again, this time a little farther off, but still close enough to see their plumage well. Another group of Great Bustards were present in that field. We made another stop nearby, but the strong wind made conditions difficult, so after a few minutes of botanising, we repaired to the café in Santa Marta de Magasca for some welcome coffee and warmth.

We then headed south to the Rio Tamuja, set in a deep wooded valley. Here we had lunch in this wonderful spot. Despite the strong winds, we were relatively sheltered and watched a

procession of raptors passing overhead: a dark phase Booted Eagle, Short-toed Eagle, Black and Griffon Vulture, Black and Red Kite and Sparrowhawk. A Black Stork also came overhead as well as group of nine Ravens and we had good views of Hawfinch perched on cables crossing the valley, as well as Crag Martins. Iberian Water Frogs croaked occasionally and several clumps of Common Jonquil were also seen. We then drove towards the Cáceres road. Taking a small country lane for a few hundred metres, we stopped near a pool, watching a Black-tailed Godwit descend and then swerve off to settle in a ploughed field. It looked decidedly out of place. However the worsening weather made us abort plans to continue further along the road and we turned round, seeing minutes later a single Alpine Swift, battling against the strong southerly wind, barely a metre or two above the ground.

Before returning to Finca Santa Marta we stopped to watch the Lesser Kestrels (*right*) at the bull ring of Trujillo and had excellent views of the birds, including some very smart males. While enjoying this spectacle, we also noted a party of seven Black Kites passing overhead.



11 March: Monfragüe National Park

After yesterday's high winds and overcast weather, today dawned much more promising and true enough we enjoyed a sunny, albeit breezy, day, with scattered cloud. We headed north from Trujillo to Monfragüe National Park. The route took us first through the rocky granite terrain around Trujillo, and then through dehesa as far as the eye could see, with the only changes being when we dropped down to cross three river valleys: the Tozo, the Almonte and finally the narrow Arroyo de la Vid. After the last crossing we followed the road winding up to the edge of the Monfragüe Park, heralded by a rocky ridge, capped by a small castle and a spectacular gorge through which passed the Tajo river.

Our first stop was the castle itself which we reached by climbing up stone steps through groves of wild olive and cork oak. The view from the top was stunning: a vast dehesa panorama to the south, while to the north the hills of the park, the man-made lakes along the river valley and behind the snow-capped Gredos, perfectly clear. From the top of the escarpment we could look down on passing Griffon and Black Vultures, while above us spiralled more still, as well as a pair of Egyptian Vulture. We were lucky enough to see a fine adult Bonelli's Eagle pass by and then watched it soaring with the vultures. A Swallowtail butterfly settled to sun itself on a stone, while there were also a Large Tortoiseshell and several Wall Browns. A Firecrest feeding in the cork oaks beside the minibus provided good views for most of us.



Our next port of call was the famous Peña Falcón and Salto de Gitano (the Gypsy's leap). Here close to the base of the gorge, we enjoyed more spectacular views of all three species of vulture, as well as at least four Black Storks. An immature Spanish Imperial Eagle made a showing as did a Short-toed Eagle, hovering over the highest crags, diving and then reemerging bearing a snake. We also had excellent views of a male Blue Rock Thrush, as well as Black Redstart.

After a stop at Villareal de San Carlos, where House Martins were collecting mud for their nests, we continued through to Tajadilla, a lovely picnic spot just downstream from one of the dams along the course of the river. It overlooked another rock face with nesting Griffon Vultures, with Black Kites and a pair of Egyptian Vultures present as well. A Subalpine Warbler sang from the *Cistus* scrub, while a Hawfinch provided us with superb views as it fed close by on elm mast. A Nettle Tree Butterfly was seen quite well, and a Spanish Festoon more briefly.

At the Portilla, the viewpoint directed our gaze onto the wonderful strata of the cliffs opposite, supporting another colony of Griffon Vulture. A very obliging Subalpine Warbler performed song flights, as well as singing from a bare branch very close to the road. We found one of the pair of

resident Eagle Owls, sitting on her nest on the cliff opposite under an *Adenocarpus* bush. Although at first she was fairly motionless, she later turned round and presented us with a fine view of her face. A Spanish Imperial Eagle made the briefest of appearances, but we had good, prolonged views of a juvenile Golden Eagle high overhead. Shortly afterwards a pair of Short-toed Eagles circled slowly over the cliffs.

Angel Tears (*right*) and Hoop Petticoat
Narcissus grew side-by-side on the bank
beside the road, along with Spanish Bluebells.
We returned to Finca Santa Marta for tea and
checklist and before dinner, Marcelino
Cardalliaguet (Extremadura representative of
the Spanish Ornithological Society) gave an
illustrated talk on bird conservation in
Extremadura and received a cheque from
Martin, as a contribution from the group to
continue SEO's work.



12 March: Trujillo and Cabañas del Castillo

Although the day started rather foggy, it quickly cleared and by the time we left for our free morning in Trujillo, the clouds were breaking and the sun was shining. The beautiful medieval

town square and the narrow cobbled streets leading up to the castle are dominated by the old granite-built palaces and large churches built, testimony to the wealth brought back from South America by the conquistadores born in Trujillo. The same buildings with their old tiled roofs support one of Spain's most important colonies of Lesser Kestrels as well as pairs of Pallid Swifts.

At 12.30, after coffee in the Plaza Mayor, we left Trujillo and headed to the Villuercas mountains, a lovely series of ridges to the east of the dehesa



and plains that we had been exploring over the last few days. We stopped for lunch at a crossing of the Rio Almonte, where the river passes through a narrow gorge. As well as Griffon and Black Vultures, we saw a Short-toed Eagle and had a fine view of a Cirl Bunting singing. Brimstone butterflies enjoyed the sunshine.

Nearby is the tiny village of Cabañas del Castillo, perched at the base of one of a pair of crags, on the top of which sits an ancient castle. We walked through the village as a pair of Short-toed Eagles soared overhead, then along a path leading to the small village cemetery and a gap between the crags, to afford one a magnificent view of the valley to the east. Quickly we found first a male and then a female Black Wheatear. The rocks above the village also held Black Redstarts and Blue Rock Thrushes. From the vantage point overlooking the valley behind the village we could watch passing Griffon and Egyptian Vultures. We found a Peregrine perched on a cliff and a few minutes later watched the spectacle of a Peregrine mobbing a Griffon Vulture. Botanically the area was productive with Dwarf Sheep's Bit (below), as well as Narrow-leaved Cistus, and we had excellent views of a Bath White.



13 March: Madrigalejo

With another fine day ahead, we drove south after breakfast. We drove through the quiet town of Zorita, crossing a plateau south of the town before calling in to view a section of the Sierra Brava reservoir. Quickly we found a Black-necked Grebe quite close to the shore, as well as a couple of pairs of Great Crested Grebes and a small flock of Coots. South of the reservoir was a derelict barn, around which flew about five Lesser Kestrels, which at one point joined forces to mob a Red Kite. We also saw a group of six Great Bustards, a couple of fields away. A Little Bustard flew over as we watched them.

A brief stop was made to an area behind the old railway station at Madrigalejo, where two Stone-curlews were seen well on a stony rise in the ground. Following coffee at a nearby bar, we then entered the area known as Casas del Hito. Several Southern Grey Shrikes were seen, as well as flocks of Spanish Sparrows. Approaching a patch of woodland, we spotted a Blackshouldered Kite perched at the top of tree and then quickly found another on an even closer tree. We had good views of the pair as they moved from one tree to another, gliding past with wings held in a steep V. We then drove up to a pool (Charca el Hito) sited behind embankments. A flock of Red Avadavats thronged in the vegetation beside the track. As we peered over the bank to look at the pool, a small group of Little Ringed Plovers moved on. taking our gaze to the series of shingle spits in the centre of the area. Here groups of Dunlins fed, along with a couple of Little Stints and three or four Kentish Plovers. A drake Red-crested Pochard and some Shovelers were on open water, later joined by Teal and a few Greylag Geese. As we walked along the bank, we found more birds of interest; a Water Pipit along with a small group of Green Sandpipers, as well as some Greenshanks. We had our lunch on the northern side of the pool, watching a group of 35 Common Cranes that took off on our approach and gradually gained height on thermals almost overhead.

We then travelled onto another rice field area, south of Madrigalejo, around the village of Vegas Altas. Although tractors were working on many of the fields, we stopped to scan a quieter zone of arable fields. A juvenile Golden Eagle was found, gliding over the low hill in front of us, and then soaring, to be mobbed by a kite. At the same time a female Hen Harrier and than a Marsh Harrier glided past. Large flocks of Spanish Sparrows lined the roadside wires as we returned to the main road and nearby we found clumps of Barbary Nut Iris in flower.

We then headed to a third irrigated zone, near the village of Palazuelo. We stopped beside the River Ruercas to check out a good area of riverine habitat. We saw a large flock of Common Waxbill and the habitat was full of Cetti's Warblers, but the highlights were a group of at least four Penduline Tits which fed on the seed heads of Great Reed Mace, beautifully back-lit by the afternoon sun and a Jack Snipe which silently rose from close by and just as quietly dropped beyond the tall vegetation where the Penduline Tits were feeding.

14 March: Arrocampo

A Brambling was seen by Brenda on the pre-breakfast walk. After breakfast we headed up to motorway to Almaraz and the reservoir of Arrocampo. The reservoir lies between the town of Almaraz and the village of Saucedilla and provides cooling water for a power station. The water circulating around is slightly warmer than the average, probably accounting for the luxuriant growth of littoral vegetation. We stopped at the Visitors' Centre and from there walked to the first hide. On the way we quickly found a Purple Swamphen, which put on a showy performance for us, clambering on reed mace in the sunshine close by. A male Little Bittern flew past and descended into the reeds. From the first hide, we looked down a channel fringed by beds of reed mace. At least one Savi's Warbler sang and two Purple Heron stood preening, one providing superb views for all of us. A Grey Heron nearby provided a good comparison. Sand Martins and Swallows abounded and we saw a Kingfisher zoom past and settle briefly nearby.

Visiting another hide we managed to find a Savi's Warbler singing atop of a reed stem, giving prolonged, albeit distant views. Finally from another hide, we benefited in having the sun behind us and were able to have excellent views of more Purple Swamphens, two more Purple Herons and a Black-winged Stilt. While we were there a Spoonbill flew in to settle in front of us and proceed to preen, while Richard found an obliging Water Rail which all of us managed to see.

A coffee stop in the village of Saucedilla beckoned and we found a bar close to the old church. The latter has a colony of Lesser Kestrels and we had magnificent views of birds wheeling overhead. We then had a lunch stop beside the pool at Cerro Alto, although the water level was rather high, leaving no exposed mud. However, we had wonderful views of a pair of Great Spotted Cuckoos.

After lunch we took a short walk below the dam at Valdecañas. There we had good views of a Firecrest, as well as Short-toed Treecreeper and several sightings of a Cleopatra butterfly. But most interesting were the orchids: Naked Man, Sawfly and Yellow Ophrys all growing within a short distance of each other.

Back at the Finca we had our final afternoon tea and checklist call-over we took the opportunity to walk up the track to the top of the property and beyond. Good views of Woodlark and Short-toed Treecreeper were obtained and for those of us who continued higher up the path, we found large colonies of Champagne and Conical Orchid (*below*, *right*), as well as some splendid lberian Fritillaries (*below*, *left*).





15 March: Finca Santa Marta to Madrid

As we set off at 06.50 for the airport, with the wind freshening, in contrast to the calm weather of the last few days. Swallows started the dawn chorus. We had an easy run to the airport, arriving in good time for the check-in and farewells.

Systematic list - Birds

A summary of sightings contributed by the whole group at the daily "call-over"

Little Grebe One on a pool near Madrigalejo on 13th March.

Great Crested Grebe Pairs on Sierra Brava reservoir on 13th March and at Arrocampo on 14th

March.

Black-necked Grebe One at Sierra Brava reservoir on 13th March.

Cormorant Seen almost daily along rivers and on water bodies.

Little Bittern One male seen at Arrocampo on 14th March.

Cattle Egret Seen daily.

Little Egret Small numbers seen on the rice fields on 13th March and at Arrocampo

on 14th March.

Great White Egret Two or three at Arrocampo on 14th March.

Grey Heron Seen in small numbers almost every day.

Purple Heron Four seen at Arrocampo on 13th March.

Black Stork One seen over Rio Tamuja on 10th March and at least six in Monfragüe

on 11th March.

White Stork Common throughout the week, around towns and villages, as well as in

the fields.

Spoonbill Excellent views of one at Arrocampo on 14th March.

Greylag Goose Six on a pool at Casas del Hito on 13th March.

Gadwall Two at Arrocampo on 14th March.

Teal Six on a pool at Casas del Hito on 13th March.

Mallard Pairs seen almost daily.

Shoveler Four on a pool at Casas del Hito on 13th March.

Red-crested Pochard Male on a pool at Casas del Hito on 13th March.

Black-shouldered Kite A pair at Casas del Hito on 13th March.

Black Kite Double figures seen everyday.

Red Kite Single figures seen everyday, especially over dehesa and the plains.

Egyptian Vulture Seen, generally in pairs, at Monfragüe and the Villuercas mountains as

well as Valdecañas, with one bird also seen near Santa Marta de

Magasca on 10th March.

Griffon Vulture Good numbers seen everyday, especially at Monfragúe on 11th March.

Black Vulture Seen daily, often totalling double figures, especially on Belén Plains.

Monfragüe and near Santa Marta de Magasca.

Short-toed Eagle Seen almost daily, often in pairs.

Marsh Harrier Three or four on the rice fields on 13th March and a similar number at

Arrocampo on 14th March.

Hen Harrier A female at Vegas Altas on 13th March.

Sparrowhawk Seen almost daily.

Common Buzzard Seen almost daily.

Spanish Imperial Eagle One bird soaring at Peña Falcón in Monfragüe on 11th March.

Golden Eagle Juveniles seen at Portilla del Tiétar in Monfragüe on 11th March and

near Vegas Altas on 13th March.

Bonelli's Eagle One bird at the castle and then at Peña Falcón in Monfragüe on 11th

March.

One bird (dark phase) passing high overhead at Rio Tamuja on 10th **Booted Eagle**

March.

Seen daily in double figures. Excellent views obtained in Trujillo and Lesser Kestrel

Saucedilla of this exquisite little falcon.

Common Kestrel Seen almost daily in single figures.

A pair at Cabañas del Castillo on 12th March, including a spectacular Peregrine

mobbing incident with a Griffon Vulture

Red-legged Partridge Seen most days, especially common around Santa Marta de Magasca.

One heard on rice fields on 13th March. Quail

Excellent views of one at Arrocampo on 14th March. Water Rail

Small numbers on rice fields and Arrocampo. Moorhen

Excellent views of at least ten birds at Arrocampo on 14th March. **Purple Swamphen**

Present at the reservoirs of Sierra Brava and Arrocampo. Coot

35 at Casas del Hito on 13th March. **Common Crane**

Winter flocks of 50 on Belén Plains on 9th March, and 60 near Santa Little Bustard

Marta de Magasca on 10th March.

Great Bustard

35 on Belén Plains on 9th March, a total of over 35-40 birds seen near Santa Marta de Magasca on 10th March and 6 near Sierra Brava on 13th

March.

Two birds near Madrigalejo on 13th March. Stone-curlew

Two seen from motorway on 8th March and one at Arrocampo on 14th **Black-winged Stilt**

March.

Ringed Ployer One with the following species at Casas del Hito on 13th March.

Two beside pool on Belén Plains on 9th March and four at Casas del Little Ringed Plover

Hito on 13th March.

Three or four at Casas del Hito on 13th March Kentish Plover

Very few of this winter visitor still present: 5 west of Santa Marta de Lapwing

Magasca on 10th March were the only records.

Two seen Casas del Hito on 13th March. Little Stint

About 30 at Casas del Hito on 13th March. **Dunlin**

One at Rio Ruercas on 13th March. Jack Snipe

Snipe Singles on Belén Plains on 9th March and west of Santa Marta de

Magasca on 10th March. Four or five on the rice fields on 13th March

and one at Arrocampo on 14th March.

Black-tailed Godwit One west of Santa Marta de Magasca on 10th March..

Redshank One on Belén Plains on 9th March and one at Casas del Hito on 13th

March.

Greenshank One on Belén Plains on 9th March and three at Casas del Hito on 13th

March.

Green Sandpiper Two on Belén Plains on 9th March, one west of Santa Marta de

Magasca on 10th March, seven at Casas del Hito on 13th March and two

at Arrocampo on 14th March.

Common Sandpiper One at Casas del Hito on 13th March.

Black-headed Gull Small flocks seen near Santa Marta de Magasca and on the rice fields.

Lesser Black-backed Gull Small flocks seen near Santa Marta de Magasca and on the rice

fields.

Pin-tailed Sandgrouse Over 70 seen in flight and several of the flock seen well on the ground

on plains east of Santa Marta de Magasca on 10th March.

Rock Dove/Feral Pigeon Seen daily

Woodpigeon Small numbers seen almost daily.

Collared Dove Seen daily.

Great Spotted Cuckoo Seen almost everyday, generally in pairs.

Scops Owl Heard in the evening at the Finca from 11th March.

Eagle Owl Female at the nest at Monfragüe on 11th March.

Little Owl Two seen at Belén Plains on 9th March.

Pallid Swift Excellent views at Trujillo on 12th March.

Alpine Swift One west of Santa Marta de Magasca on 10th March and seen distantly

at Monfragüe and at Cabañas del Castillo.

Kingfisher One seen on Rio Tamuja on 10th March, heard at Rio Ruercas on 13th

March and seen at Arrocampo on 14th March.

Hoopoe Commonly seen everyday.

Great Spotted Woodpecker One at Finca Santa Marta on 12th March.

Calandra Lark Seen on visits to open plains at Belén and near Santa Marta de

Magasca.

Crested Lark Common and seen daily.

Thekla Lark Present in suitable habitat, especially on hills above Madroñera and

near Sierra Brava.

Woodlark Heard east of Santa Marta de Magasca on 10th March and seen well at

Finca Santa Marta on 14th March.

Skylark Small flocks of this winter visitor seen near Santa Marta de Magasca

and Vegas Altas.

Sand Martin One over Finca Santa Marta on 13th March and common at Arrocampo

on 14th March.

Crag Martin Common near bridges and in rocky areas in Monfragüe and in the

Villuercas mountains, also present in Trujillo.

Swallow Common every day.

Red-rumped Swallow Seen daily.

House Martin Seen almost every day.

Meadow Pipit Small numbers seen almost daily.

Water Pipit Individuals coming into breeding plumage

at Casas del Hito on 13th March.

Grey Wagtail Seen almost every day.

White Wagtail Seen every day.

Wren Recorded daily.

Robin

•

Black Redstart Present around the Finca and also seen at Monfragüe on 11th March

and Cabañas del Castillo on 12th March.

Stonechat Common and seen almost every day.

Northern Wheatear Two east of Santa Marta de Magasca on 10th March.

Small numbers seen daily.

Black Wheatear Two birds at Cabañas del Castillo on 12th March.

Blue Rock Thrush Seen at Finca Santa Marta, in Monfragüe on 11th March and Cabañas

del Castillo on 12th March.

Blackbird Seen daily.

Song Thrush Seen daily.

Redwing Heard and sometimes seen almost daily at Finca Santa Marta.

Cetti's Warbler Heard and seen on the rice fields on 13th March and at Arrocampo on

14th March, as well as near Finca Santa Marta.

Zitting Cisticola Heard and seen almost daily.

Savi's Warbler Three or four singing at Arrocampo on 14th March.

Sedge Warbler One burst of song heard at Casas del Hito on 13th March.

Dartford Warbler Two singing above Madronera on 9th March.

Subalpine Warbler Two singing in Monfragüe on 11th March.

Sardinian Warbler Seen almost daily.

Blackcap Seen daily and in good numbers around Finca.

Chiffchaff Seen almost daily and especially numerous in waterside vegetation.

Firecrest One near Monfragüe castle on 11th March and one at Valdecañas on

14th March.

Long-tailed Tit Small numbers seen most days.

Blue Tit Seen daily.

Great Tit Seen daily.

Penduline Tit Four birds watched feeding on reed mace in Rio Ruercas on 13th

March.

Short-toed Treecreeper Seen and heard almost daily, especially around the Finca.

Southern Grey Shrike Seen almost daily.

Jay Three near Cabañas del Castillo on 12th March and one at Valdecañas

on 14th March.

Azure-winged Magpie Common and seen everyday.

Magpie Common and seen every day.

Red-billed Chough Heard at Valdecañas on 14th March.

Jackdaw Common and seen almost everyday.

Raven Seen daily.

Spotless Starling Common every day.

House Sparrow Common every day.

Spanish Sparrow Seen commonly most days, often in large flocks.

Tree Sparrow One at Vegas Altas on 13th March.

Rock Sparrow Two or three with Spanish Sparrows east of Santa Marta de Magasca

on 10th March.

Common Waxbill About 40 near Rio Ruercas on 13th March.

Red Avadavat Small flocks on the rice fields on 13th March.

Chaffinch Small numbers seen every day.

Brambling Seen at Finca Santa Marta on 14th March.

Serin Seen every day, often in song-flight.

Greenfinch Seen daily near the Finca.

Goldfinch Small flocks seen daily: over 40 on Belén Plains.

One seen at Finca Santa Marta on 9th March. Siskin

Linnet Seen almost daily.

Hawfinch Recorded almost every morning at the Finca, as well as at Monfragüe

on 11th March.

Male singing near Cabañas del Castillo on 12th March. Cirl Bunting

Seen briefly at Monfragüe on 11th March. **Rock Bunting**

One at Arrocampo on 14th March. **Reed Bunting**

Corn Bunting Seen almost daily. One of the commonest birds of the plains.

Wildlife sightings of the week, as nominated by group members

Viv: Looking down on birds of prey from Monfragüe castle.

Richard: Great Bustards in flight.

Rosie. The 'secret valley' behind Cabañas del Castillo.

Brenda: Cirl Bunting, the Eagle Owl and, best of all, the two Little Owls on Belén Plains.

Angus: Penduline Tits feeding on reed mace and the Jack Snipe.

Geoff: The Dehesa landscape.

Anne: walking around the Finca and the Peregrine chasing the Griffon Vulture.

Martin: Four Penduline Tits feed on flowering heads of Great Reed Mace, perfectly back lit by

the afternoon sun.

MAMMALS

Greater White-toothed Shrew Crocidura russula Iberian Hare Lepus granatensis Rabbit Oryctolagus cuniculus Iberian Mole Talpa occidentalis

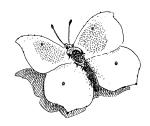
Roe Deer Capreolus capreolus

REPTILES & AMPHIBIANS

European Pond Terrapin Emys orbicularis Iberian wall lizard Podarcis hispanica Moorish Gecko Tarentola mauretanica Natterjack toad Bufo calamita Iberian water frog Rana perezi

BUTTERFLIES

Swallowtail Spanish Festoon Large White Bath White Brimstone Clouded Yellow Cleopatra Comma Nettle-tree Butterfly Large Tortoiseshell Red Admiral Small Heath Wall Brown Small Copper Holly Blue Brown Argus Meadow Brown



OTHER INVERTEBRATES

Egyptian grasshopper/locust Anacridium aegyptium

Rhinoceros Beetle Copris Iunaris

Hummingbird Hawk-moth Macroglossum stellatarum

Pine Processionary moth Thaumetopoea pitvocampa

A tiger moth *Ocnognyna boetica*

Violet carpenter bee Xvlocopa violacea A large ant possibly Camponotus vagus

A bee-fly sp (Bombyliidae)

A Hornet

PLANTS (Selected species)

Numbers on the right refer to Blamey & Grey-Wilson, Mediterranean Wild Flowers

Pinaceae Stone/umbrella Pine (3) Pinus pinea

Cupressaceae Juniperus communis Common Juniper (13)

Fagaceae Quercus rotundifolia Evergreen Oak (26)

> Q. suber Cork Oak (27)

Ulmaceae Ulmus minor Elm sp (c.38)

> Celtis australis P. Southern nettle-tree (39)

Urticaceaea Urtica membranacea Membranous nettle (49)

Caryophyllaceae Paronychia argentea Paronychia (136)

> Purple Sand-spurrey (148) Spergularia purpurea

Silene colorata Campion sp (180)

Ranunculaceae Ranunculus sp. Water Crowfoot sp.

> Large-leaved buttercup (237) R. macrophyllus

Fumariaceae Fumaria capreolata Ramping Fumitory (303)

Cruciferae Matthiola sp. A stock

Black Mustard Brassica nigra

Raphanus raphanistrum Wild Radish (369)

Crassulaceae Umbilicus rupestris Navelwort

Saxifragaceae Rue-leaved saxifrage Saxifraga tridactyla

Meadow saxifrage Saxifraga granulata

Leguminosae Acacia dealbata Silver Wattle (432)

Adenocarpus argyrophyllus Spanish adenocarpus Astragalus lusitanicus Iberian Milk-vetch (504) White Broom

Cytisus multiflorus Cytisus scoparius Broom (456)

Lupinus angustifolius Narrow-leaved Lupin (486) Lathvrus cicera A vetchling of cultivated fields (545)

Medicago arabica Spotted Medick

Oxalidaceae Oxalis pes-caprae Bermuda Buttercup

Geraniaceae G. molle Dovesfoot Cranesbill (741)

G. rotundifolium Round-leaved Cranesbill (743) Erodium cicutarim Common Storksbill (751)

Melia azedarach P Meliaceae Indian bead tree or Persian lilac (843)

Violaceae Viola (arvensis) kitaibeliana Dwarf Pansy (931)

Thymelaeaceae Daphne gnidium Daphne (936)

Cistaceae Cistus salviifolius Sage-leaved Cistus (965)

C. monspeliensis Narrow-leaved Cistus (966)

C. ladanifer Gum Cistus (971)

Cactaceae Opuntia maxima (=ficus-indica) Prickly Pear (1040) UmbelliferaeFerula communisGiant Fennel (1141)Smyrnium olustratumAlexanders (1087)

Ericaceae Arbutus unedo Strawberry Tree (1176)

Erica arborea Tree Heath (1178)
Erica lusitanica Portuguese Heath (1179)

Oleaceae Phillyrea angustifolia (1246)

Olea europaea Olive (1248)
Olea europaea spp oleaster Wild Olive (1248a)

Boraginaceae Nonea sp. Prob. vesicaria A nonea (1375)

Echium plantagineum Purple viper's bugloss (1383)
Anchusa undulata Undulate anchusa (1406)

Labitae Lamium amplexicaule Henbit Deadnettle (1478)

Rosmarinus officinalis Rosemary (1526) Lavandula stoechas French Lavender (1528)

Campanulaceae Jasione crispa Dwarf Sheep's Bit (Polunin 1355c)

Compositae Anthemis sp. arvensis An abundant mayweed

Bellis annua Annual Daisy (1791)
Calendula arvensis Field Marigold (1908)
Galactites tormentosa Galactites (1971)
Silybum marianum Milk Thistle (1982)

Liliceae Asphodelus aestivus Common Asphodel (2089)

Gagea elliptica Yellow Star-of-Bethlehem (2106)

Fritillaria lusitanica Iberian fritillary (2152)
Urginea maritima Sea Squill (2163)

Hyacinthoides hispanica Spanish Bluebell (2191)
Asparagus acutiflorus? A shrubby asparagus (c 2212)
Ruscus aculeatus Butcher's broom (2219)
Narcissus triandrus papyraceus Angel's Tears (Polunin)
Narcissus jonquilla Common Jonquill (2279)

N. bulbocodium Hoop-petticoat Narcissus (2281)

Iridaceae Gynandriris sisyrinchium Barbary Nut Iris (23059

Romulea columnae Sand Crocus (2320)

Orchidaceae Orchis (morio) champagneuxii Champagne Orchid (2403)

Orchis conica Conical Orchid

Orchis italica Naked man orchid (2409)
Ophrys tenthredinifera Sawfly orchid (2442)
Ophrys lutea Yellow Ophrys (2423)

Gramineae Arundo donax Giant Reed (2494)



annual daises with a sand crocus